

**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
COLOR AGENT BROWN**

===== **SECTION I - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION** =====

Material Identity: Product Name: Color Agent Brown
 Product Numbers: 100506, 100668G, 108000F
 Product Use: Pigment Dispersion

General Info: Distributed by
 The Rot Doctor
 P.O. BOX 30612
 Seattle, WA 98113
 (206)364-2155

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY
Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure or Accident
CALL INFOTRAC - Day or Night
1-800-535-5053
Outside the United States call Collect
1-352-323-3500

Date of Preparation: 07/02/02

===== **SECTION II - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS** =====

<u>Ingredient(s)</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>EINECS Number</u>	<u>% (by weight)</u>
Pigment Yellow 42	51274-00-1	257-098-5	25 - 30
Limestone	471-34-1	207-439-9	20 - 25
Surfactant	9003-11-6	N/L	15 - 20
Diacetone Alcohol	123-42-2	204-626-7	15 - 20
Red Iron Oxide	8011-97-0	N/L	5 - 10
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	215-609-9	1 - 5

OSHA Regulatory Status: This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations.

===== SECTION III - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION =====

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

WARNING! COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR HARMFUL. CAUSES EYE, SKIN, NOSE AND THROAT IRRITATION.

Potential Health Effects

Acute Effects (Short Term):

Eye: Contact with liquid or vapor may result in irritation, redness, tearing, and blurred vision.

Skin: May cause mild skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry the skin. Symptoms may include redness, burning, drying and cracking of skin, and skin burns.

Swallowing: Ingestion of this material may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, diarrhea, and vomiting. Aspiration of this material into the lungs due to vomiting may produce chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

Inhalation: Excessive inhalation of vapors may cause nasal and respiratory irritation, acute nervous system depression, fatigue, weakness, nausea, headache, and dizziness. Symptoms usually occur at air concentrations higher than the recommended exposure limits (See SECTION XIII).

Chronic Effects of Overexposure (Long Term):

Diacetone Alcohol: Prolonged or repeated contact may cause dermatitis. May cause liver and kidney damage.

Cancer Information: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified carbon black as a group 2B carcinogen (possibly carcinogenic to humans).

Other Health Effects: NOTICE: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

Primary Route(s) of Entry: Inhalation, Skin contact, Eye contact, Ingestion, Skin absorption.

===== SECTION IV - FIRST AID MEASURES =====

Eyes: Flush eyes gently with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash exposed area with soap and water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Launder clothing before reuse.

Swallowing: Consult a physician or poison control center immediately. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. If individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth; place individual on the left side with the head down. If possible, do not leave individual unattended.

Inhalation: If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention; keep person warm and quiet. If person is not breathing, begin artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, oxygen may be beneficial if administered by trained personnel.

===== SECTION V - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES =====

Flash Point: 136 °F (57.8 °C)
Explosive Limit: Lower: 1.8% Upper: 6.9%
Autoignition Temperature: 1189.4 °F (643.0 °C)
OSHA Flammability Class: Combustible Liquid-Class II

Hazardous Products of Combustion: May form toxic and corrosive gases: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and various hydrocarbons.

Fire and Explosion Hazards: Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or may be moved by ventilation and ignited by pilot lights, other flames, sparks, heaters, smoking, electric motors, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point.

Extinguishing Media: Regular foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.

Fire Fighting Instructions: Water may be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool until fire is out. Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus NIOSH approved with a full facepiece operated in the positive pressure demand mode with appropriate turn-out gear and chemical resistant personal protective equipment.

NFPA Rating: Health - 2, Flammability - 1, Reactivity - 0

===== SECTION VI - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES =====

In Case of Spill: Eliminate all sources of ignition such as flares, flames (including pilot lights), and electrical sparks. Ventilate the area. Wear proper protective equipment (SECTION VIII). Avoid breathing vapors. collect with an inert absorbant and dispose of properly.

===== SECTION VII - HANDLING AND STORAGE =====

Handling: All hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not take internally. Close container after each use. **Keep out of reach of children.**

Storage: Store material in a cool, well-ventilated area. For maximum product quality, avoid prolonged storage at temperatures above 75 °F (25 °C). Do not use or store near heat, sparks, or open flame. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.

===== SECTION VIII - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION =====

Eye Protection: Chemical splash goggles in compliance with OSHA regulations are recommended.

Skin Protection: Protective gloves and proper clothing should be worn to prevent skin contact. Gloves should be made of neoprene or natural rubber. A barrier cream may be used for additional skin protection. To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots.

Respiratory Protection: Use a NIOSH approved respirator designed to remove particulate matter and organic solvent vapors.

Engineering Controls: Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below acceptable limits. Explosion-proof ventilation system is acceptable.

Exposure Guidelines:

<u>Hazardous Ingredients</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>OSHA PEL/TWA</u>	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>
Limestone	471-34-1	15 mg/m ³	10 mg/m ³
Diacetone Alcohol	123-42-2	50 ppm	50 ppm
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	3.5 mg/m ³	3.5 mg/m ³

===== SECTION IX - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES =====

Boiling Point:	334 °F / 167.8 °C	Vapor Density:	Heavier than air.
Specific Gravity / Density:	1.74 / 14.5 lbs/gal	Percent Volatiles by weight:	15 20 %
Evaporation Rate:	Slower than ethyl ether.	Physical State:	Paste
Melting Point:	-47 °F / -43.9 °C	pH:	Neutral
Odor:	Sharp, aromatic odor.	Solubility:	Insoluble in water.
Vapor Pressure:	1 mmHg @ 68 °F / 20 °C	Appearance:	Brown Paste
Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient:	Unknown	VOC (as packaged-less exempts and water):	2.40 lbs/gal or 288 g/L

===== SECTION X - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY =====

Hazardous Polymerization: Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

Hazardous Decomposition: May form: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and various hydrocarbons.

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal handling conditions.

Incompatibility: Avoid contact in uncontrolled conditions with: strong alkalis and strong oxidizing agents.

===== SECTION XI - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION =====

Acute Toxicity Data:

Ingredient	CAS #	LD50 Oral-Rat	LC50 Inhalation-Rat
Diacetone Alcohol	123-42-2	4.000 mg/kg	N/E
Surfactant	9003-11-6	2,300 mg/kg	N/E

Carcinogenicity: See Cancer Information (SECTION III)

Mutagenicity: No significant evidence found.

Teratogenicity: No significant evidence found.

===== SECTION XII - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION =====

Ecotoxicity: This product should not be released to sewage, draining systems or any body of water exceeding concentrations of approved limits under applicable regulation and permits.

===== SECTION XIII - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION =====

RCRA Hazardous Waste: This material as supplied, if discarded, would be regulated as a hazardous waste under RCRA (40 CFR 261). Dispose of in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

RCRA Hazard Class: This material would be regulated as EPA Hazardous Waste Number D001 based on the characteristic of ignitability.

===== SECTION XIV - TRANSPORT INFORMATION =====

DOT Description: The DOT Classification for shipping is dependant on quantity, type of packaging (a kit may include other components), or method of shipment.

===== SECTION XV - REGULATORY INFORMATION =====

US Federal Regulations

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act) Status

TSCA (USA) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.

CERCLA RQ - 40 CFR 302.4(a)

None

SARA Title III: Section 302- Extremely Hazardous Substances

None

SARA Title III: Section 313- Toxic Chemical List

None

International Regulations

EINECS (Europe) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.

DSL (Canada) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.

WHMIS Classification

Health Hazard: D2A, D2B (Other Toxic Effects)

Physical Hazard: B3 (Combustible)

State and Local Regulations

California Proposition 65:

This product contains the following chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer.

CARBON BLACK

This product contains the following chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause birth defects or reproductive harm. NONE

===== SECTION XVI - OTHER INFORMATION =====

HMIS Rating: Health - 2*, Flammability - 1, Reactivity - 0
key- 0=Least, 1=Slight, 2=Moderate, 3=Serious, 4=Extreme, *=Chronic Effects

Other Precautions for Use: None known.

Notice: The information accumulated herein is believed to be correct as of the date issued from sources, which are believed to be accurate and reliable. Since it is not possible to anticipate all circumstances of use, recipients are advised to confirm, in advance of need, that the information is current, applicable and suitable to their circumstances.